

# Acknowledgements

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STUDY 1:

UNDERSTANDING YOUR MARKET — ONTARIO SPARKLING WINE CONSUMERS

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# **Research Objectives**



- Better describe Ontario consumers of sparkling wine
- Determine consumer behavior (incl. intake & preferences), knowledge, and attitudes concerning Ontario sparkling wines
  - current consumers
  - 'rejectors'
- Explore the importance of intrinsic and extrinsic factors associated with sparkling wine purchase decisions

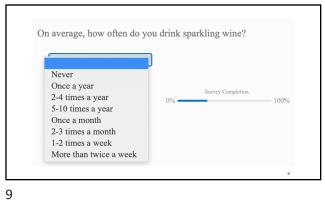
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# Methodological approach ■ Online survey of 1300 Ontario wine consumers (March 2020) ■ Dynata™ (online market research firm) - Provide the sample and send survey link ■ Qualtrics™ (survey platform) ■ Tools 1. Standard demographic & wine/fizz purchase, consumption & preference questions 2. Wine involvement & fizz knowledge questions 3. Perceptions about Ontario fizz (CATA & free text questions) ■ Data compiled and cleaned - Responses removed if time to completion < 120 secs (n=36); usable n = 1292 - Coded & scored ■ Scores calculated for wine knowledge and involvement ■ Preferred wine region and styles ■ Summary/descriptive statistics

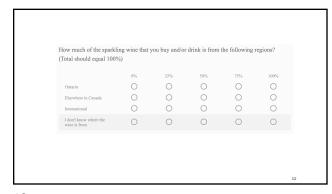
Purchase	channels	
Where do you buy your sparkling wine from? (only select options that apply)		
LCBO store  LCBO online  Other online source, including wine club  Winery store	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Never	
Pub Restaurant Other		<b>†</b>

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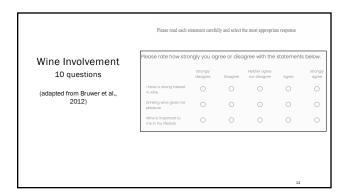


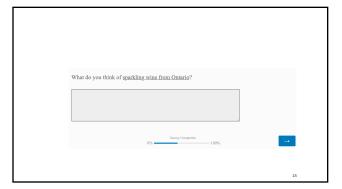
On days when you drink sparkling wine how many standard drinks do you consume? (a standard drink is 5 oz. wine)

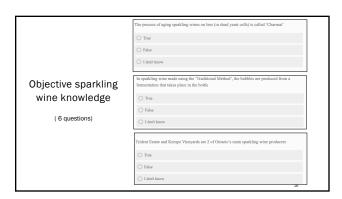




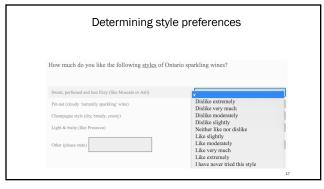




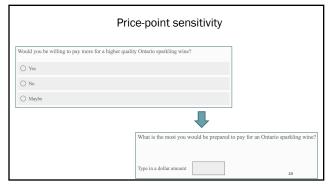


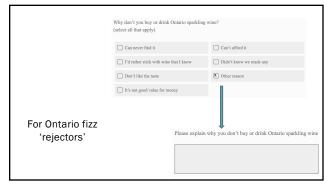


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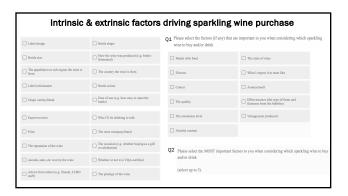






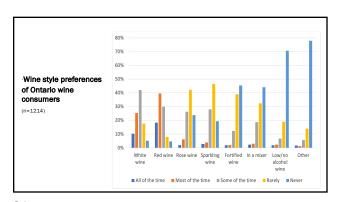


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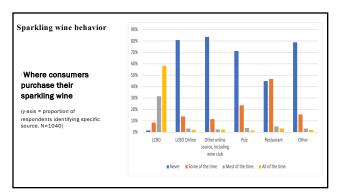


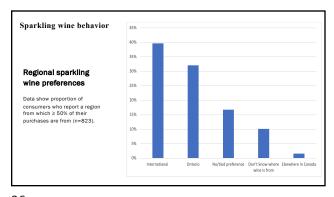


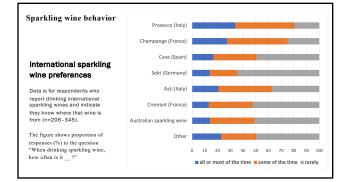
			Frequency	Proportion (%)
	Gender	Male	641	49.5
		Female	648	50.0
		Other/prefer not to say	6	0.5
	Age (yrs)	20-34	176	15.0
		35-49	298	25.3
		50-59	259	22.0
		60-69	282	24.0
A		70+	162	13.8
Sociodemographic and	Income (CAD)	Under 25k	86	6.7
behavioural characteristics of		25-45k	174	13.5
benavioural characteristics of		46-65k	203	15.7
		66-85k	206	16.0
participants		86-100k	201	15.6
		101-200k	348 27.0	27.0
		200k+	73	5.7
	Education	High school cert/equivalent or less	190	14.7
		Apprenticeship or trades certificate/diploma	55	4.3
		College qualification	331	25.6
		University undergraduate qualification	397	30.1
		University graduate qualification	321	24.8
	Wine	Low	422	33.8
	Involvement	Medium	709	56.8
		High	118	9.5
	Wine intake	Less than once a week	284	22.0
		1-2 times a week	517	40.0
		9-14 times a month	205	15.9
		15-24 times a month	182	14.0
		More than 24 times a month	105	8.1

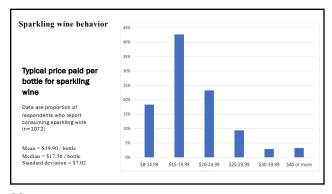


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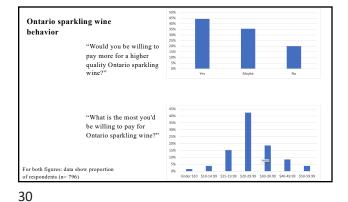




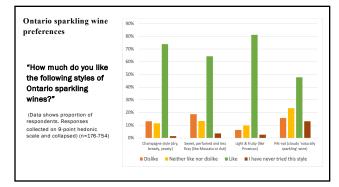


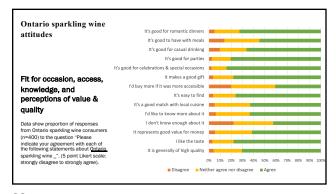


Ontario sparkling wine behavior 40% 35% 30% Typical price paid per bottle for Ontario 25% sparkling wine 20% Data are proportion of respondents who report consuming Ontario sparkling wine (n=798) 15% 10% 5% Mean = \$20.18 / bottle Median = \$17.50 / bottle Standard deviation = \$6.83 \$10-14.99 \$15-19.99 \$20-24.99 \$25-29.99 \$30-39.99 \$40-59.99 \$60 or



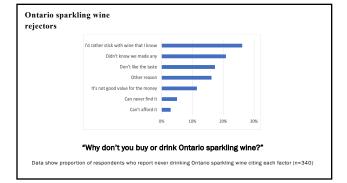
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Ontonio anouldina mina			Consumers (n=557)	Rejectors (n=168)
Ontario sparkling wine	Gender (%)	Male	51	47
		Female	49	53
rejectors	Age (yrs.)		50	56
	Income (CAD)*		93,600	104,300
	Education (% of respondents)	High school cert/equivalent or less	11	11
		Apprenticeship or trades certificate/diploma	3	3
		College qualification	25	27
Characteristics of		University undergraduate qualification	34	33
consumers and non-		University graduate qualification	27	27
	Wine Involvement	Low	24	43
consumers (rejectors) of	(% of respondents)	Medium	63	48
		High	13	10
Ontario sparkling wine	Sparkling wine intake -	At least weekly	6	2
	frequency of	1-3 times a month	23	16
	consumption	5-10 times a year	18	16
* Estimates only; data extrapolated	(% of respondents)	2-4 times a vear	38	41
from categorical responses  ** Based on responses to a series of		Once a year	16	26
questions on objective knowledge	Sparkling wine intake - standard drinks per year		31	21
	Price (CAD) typically paid for sparkling wine (/bottle)		\$20.4	\$20.2
	Sparkling wine	Low	25	44
	knowledge	Medium	55	44
	(% of respondents**)	High	20	13

Ontario sparkling wine	Wine style	Frequency of intake	Consumers (n=557)	Rejectors (n=168)	
rejectors	Prosecco	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	31 50 19	51 30 19	
	Champagne	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	29 49 22	21 39 40	
Comparison of international sparkling wine consumption	Cava	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	16 37 47	18 18 64	
patterns between Ontario sparkling wine consumers and	Sekt	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	16 25 60	5 5 90	
non-consumers	Asti	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	22 43 34	14 34 52	
Data shows frequency of intake (%) for respondents who reported drinking each style	Crémant	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	15 40 46	5 8 87	
	Australian	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	16 38 46	5 18 77	
	Other	All or most of time Some of time Rarely	25 31 44	8 8 85	



Ontario sparkling wine rejectors	Category & Subcategory	Qualifiers	Example	Prevalence (% responses)
rejectors	Prefer international sparkling wines	Respondents reference a preference for international wine	"I like international much better" "I only drink Italian"	30%
Additional reasons cited by Ontario sparkling wine	Ontario sparkling wine is poor quality	Respondents reference quality of Ontario sparkling wine; Ontario wine producers low standards; comparison to international standards/quality	"They are very poor quality compared to international blends" "Ontario producers have low standards and it shows in their product"	22%
rejectors (n=60)	Ontario sparkling wine is overpriced/expensive	Respondents reference Ontario sparkling wine being overpriced; Ontario sparkling wines being too expensive; Ontario sparkling wine overpriced in comparison to other sparkling wines	"Ontario wine is overpriced when compared to wines from other areas" "Too expensive compared to others for the same taste"	17%
	Not enough exposure to it or have not tried it	Respondents reference not trying Ontario sparkling wine; haven't tried it enough; limited selection in LCBO	"Thaven't taken the time to try it"; "I haven't had the opportunities to try enough samples"; "I've never been offered any to try in a store"; "I' don't see any commercials for it"	16%

Factors important in sparkling wine purchase decisions

The sweet form of the sweet



37 38

Consumer purchase behaviour Impressions that consumers have of a product influence purchasing decisions Intrinsic cues Extrinsic cues Consumer purchase intent of a product based on the product's intrinsic and Include: extrinsic cues (Olson, 1972) Bottle shape Bottle colour Aroma Colour cues when making their purchase Closure Other visual cues (bubbles, Consumers place importance on wine sediment, etc.) packaging (Charters et al., '99; Thomas & '03; Barber & Almanza, '07; Barber et al., '07)

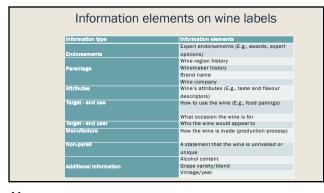
The importance of the wine label

Wine label design
- Illustrations - Brand name
- Colours - Wine attributes
- Shapes - Production process
- Font style, etc. - Varietal/blend, etc.

Wine label information more important to consumers when making decisions to buy wine (Barber & Almanza, 2007; Sherman & Tuten, 2011)

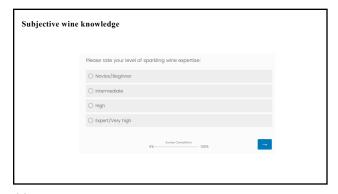
Different types of wine label information matter more than others (Thomas & Pickering, 2003)

Very little info on the importance of sparkling wine label information and on specific informational elements to consumer perceptions and purchase behavior
- Of interest to Ontario industry segment interested in increasing growth/value
- Findings potentially very actionable

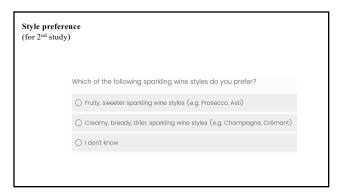


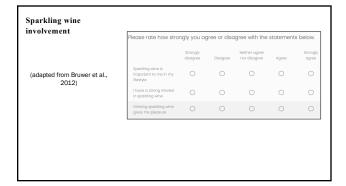


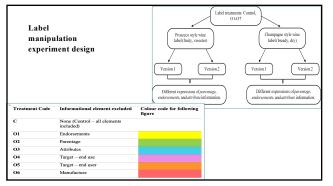


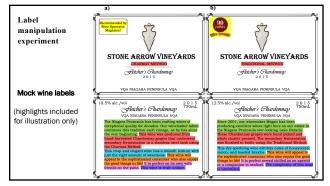


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47 48

	kely would you be to purchase this wine?	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	○ Excellent
○ Ve	ery unlikely	○ Good
○ Uni	ilkely	○ Average
○ Soi	mewhat unlikely	O Below average
○ Ne	either likely nor unlikely	O Poor
○ Sor	mewhat likely	
○ Like	ely	How much would you be willing to pay for this sparkling wine? Please enter a whole number
○ Ve	ery Likely	\$

Sclf-rated importance of label clements

When thinking about buying dry, creamy, bready spankling wine styles (e.g., Champages). Crimanty, rate the importance that you place on each of the following pieces of information found on labels.

Let remark thistory

2 wine styles used in cue, depending their style preference:

\*fruity, sweeter spankling wine styles (e.g., Prosecco, Asti)'

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\*Champages, Crémanty'

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\*Cope weeting dry, creamy, bready spankling wine styles (e.g., Champages).

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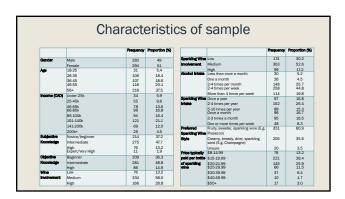
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\*Cope weeting the color of the state of the

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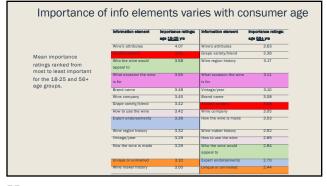


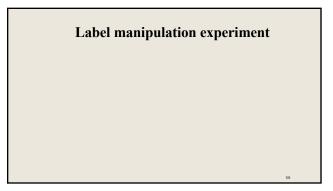


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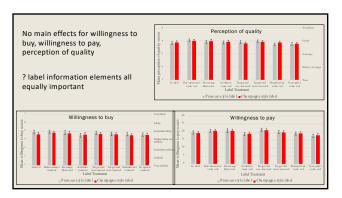
Information element	Mean	Information type	Groupe	<ul> <li>Wine attributes rated significantly higher than a</li> </ul>
Wine's attributes Grape variety/blend	3.81	Attributes	A R	other information elemen
Wine region history	3.26	Parentage	ВС	
Alcohol content	3.26		B C	
Wine company	3.22	Parentage	C D	<ul> <li>Expert endorsements and</li> </ul>
What occasion the wine is for	3.21	Target - end use	C D	non-pareil information she
How the wine is made	3.21	Manufacture	C D	low importance
Vintage/year	3.20		C D	
Brand name	3.19	Parentage	C D	
How to use the wine	3.15	Target - end user	C D	
Who the wine would appeal to	3.03	Target - end use	D E	<ul> <li>Parentage is not rated as</li> </ul>
Winemaker history	3.02	Parentage	D E	single entity
Expert endorsements	2.90	Endorsements	E F	
Unique or unrivalled	2.74	Non-pareil	F	

	Information element	Importance ratings: Prosecco style (n = 350)	Information element	Importance ratings: Champagne style (n = 202)
	Wine's attributes	3.83	Wine's attributes	3.78
Mean importance	Grape variety/blend	3.41	Grape variety/blend	3.55
ratings ranked from	Alcohol content	3.36	Vintage/year	3.32
most to least	Wine company	3.24	How the wine is made	3.32
important based on preferred sparkling wine style.	Wine region history	3.23	Wine region history	3.32
	What occasion the wine is for	3.23	Brand name	3.25
	How to use the wine	3.15	Wine company	3.19
	Brand name	3.15	What occasion the wine is for	3.17
	How the wine is made	3.14	How to use the wine	3.15
	Vintage/year	3.13	Wine maker history	3.12
	Who the wine would appeal to	3.04	Alcohol content	3.09
	Wine maker history	2.960	Who the wine would appeal to	2.995
	Expert endorsements	2.860	Expert endorsements	2.970

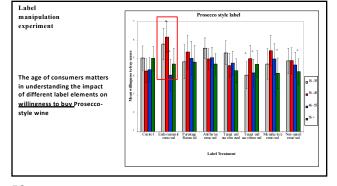


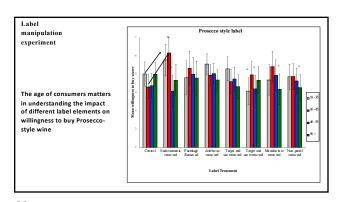


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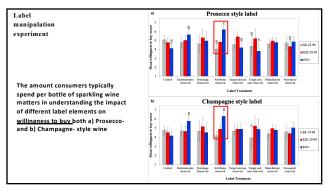


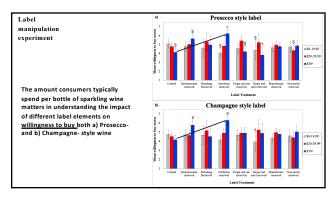
Independ	Label treatment		
	Independent variables	Prosecco style label	Champagne style label
Willingness to buy	Consumer's age	✓	
	Amount paid pay per bottle	✓	✓
Willingness to pay	Amount paid pay per bottle	✓	✓
	Subjective sparkling wine knowledge	✓	✓
Perception of quality	Consumer's age		✓
	Amount paid per bottle	J	1

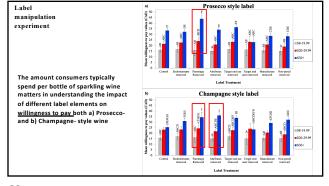


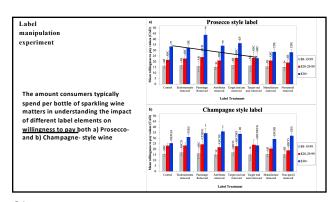


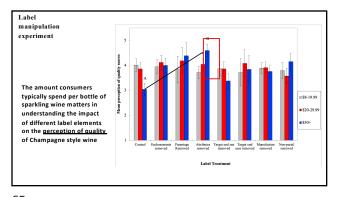
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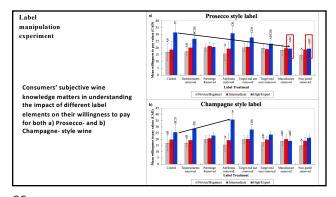












### Summary

- Two-thirds of Ontario wine consumers rarely or never drink sparkling wine.
- The four major Ontario sparkling wine styles are all scored relatively high for liking by current consumers.
- Ontario sparkling wine is perceived by current consumers as good for celebrations and special occasions (84%), good for parties (81%), good as a gift (78%), and generally of high quality (71%).
- 80% of current consumers are willing to pay more or open to the possibility for Ontario sparkling wine, although limited accessibility is identified by many consumers and is a barrier to further growth.
- Both current consumers of Ontario sparkling wine and those who do not drink it indicate a lack of knowledge about the product as a limiting factor in their purchase behaviour/intent, suggesting that significant benefit can be realised by filling this knowledge gap.
- 26% of sparkling wine consumers do not drink Ontario sparkling wine. Sticking with what they know, and not knowing that Ontario makes sparkling wine, are the most frequently cited reasons. These 'rejectors' have actionable demographic and behavioural characteristics and represent a further growth opportunity. For instance, these individuals prefer Prosecco-style wines.

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# Summary

- $\blacksquare \quad \textbf{14 label elements self-rated for importance by Ontario fizz consumers} \\$ 
  - Wine's attributes & grape variety/blend most important; endorsements & non-pareil least
  - Relative importance varies with preferred style & particularly consumer age
     E.g. Prosecco-style preferers place more importance on alcohol content
    - E.g. Younger consumers place more importance on 'who the wine would appeal to'
- Ontario consumers who typically spend the most per bottle of sparkling wine (\$30+) are the most sensitive to specific label information elements
- While a description of a wine's attributes is the most important self-rated information component of labels, this is strongly dependent on how much consumers spend per bottle of sparkling wine.
  - Attribute description may adversely impact willingness to buy, willingness to pay, and perception of quality for those who spend \$30+
- Expert endorsements are relatively unimportant to the purchase decisions of sparkling wine consumers, and their inclusion on labels may have a negative effect on the purchase intent of younger consumers.

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## Final thoughts and recommendations

- Significant potential for growth of sparkling wine in Ontario
- Sparkling wine label information matters for Ontario consumers. Some elements matter more.
- KNOW your target market and design your labels strategically
- Description of the wine's attributes important for many consumers, but
  - may be a discrepancy between what consumers think is important to them and how they act
     avoid wine attribute info for fizz priced \$30+
- Apply caution with use of parentage info with \$30+ product
- Label emphasis should change when target market is younger consumers

  - include information on who the wine would appeal to
     avoid expert endorsements or award information
- Generally advantageous to include info on wine region, grape variety/blend, and winery/wine company
- Further work: (1) How best to exploit the (reported) willingness to pay more for Ontario fizz, (2) Further test validity & generalisability of mock labels; importance of bottle & label design & region specificity

